

Fiscal Status of Shizuoka Prefecture



Presentation Highlights

1. Shizuoka has active industries and strong economic fundamentals

```
Overview of Shizuoka (P4 – P11)
```

2. Shizuoka constantly performs administrative reform and sustains a healthy budget

```
Fiscal Position of Shizuoka (P12 – P15)
```

3. Shizuoka prefectural bonds have received high credit ratings from two credit rating companies (A1 from Moody's and AA+ from R&I)



Table of Contents

1	Overview of Shizuoka		2	Fiscal Position of Shizuoka	
(1)	Location and Scale	5	(1)	Change in Revenue Accounts	13
(2)	Economic Scale	6	(2)	Change in Expenditure Accounts	14
(3)	Stable Economic Foundation	7	(3)	Status of Debts and PB	15
(4)	A Vibrant Industrial District	8			
(5)	Transportation Infrastructure	9	3	Bond Management of Shizuoka	
(6)	Improvement of Tourism Infrastructure	10	(1)	Prefectural Bond Summary	17
(7)	Abundant Tourism Resources	11	(2)	Prefectural Bond Issuance Plan	18
			(3)	Redemption Schedule	19
			(4)	Sinking Fund Reserves	20

4 Reference Materials

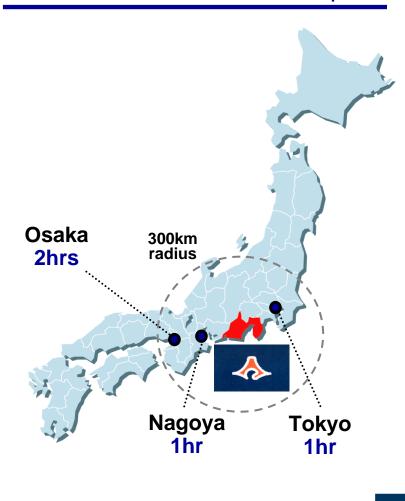
1 Overview of Shizuoka



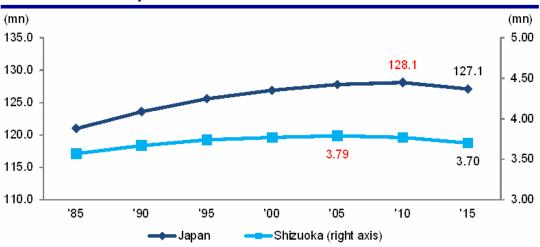
Location and Scale



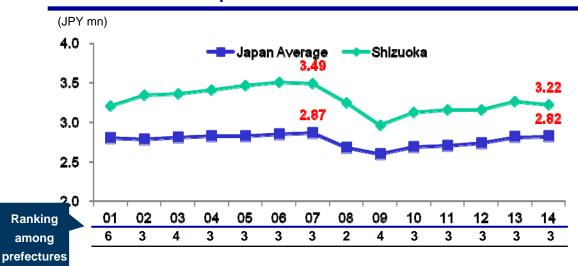
Located at the center of Japan



Population trend since 1985



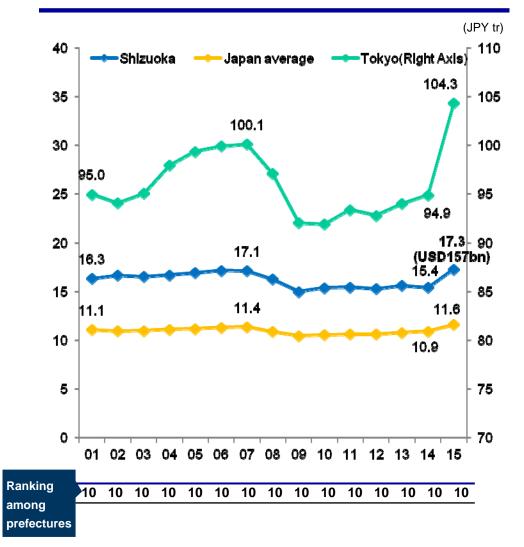
Per capita income since 2001



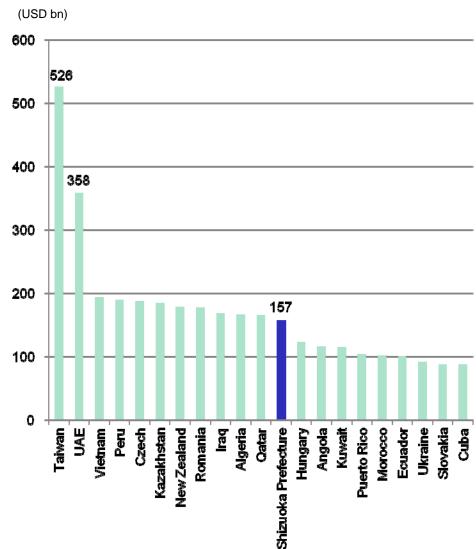
Economic Scale



GDP trend since 2001



GDP about the same as that of Qatar



Stable Economic Foundation



Balanced industrial structure

Total revenue from manufactured products (2016) **Piano Transportation** Manufacturing **Equipment And Others** 25.0% 32.0% JPY 16.1tn* **Plastic** (USD145bn) **Products** 12.9% 5.1% Pulp & Paper **Electrical** 6.3% **Machinery** 10.7% 8.1% General **Machinery** Beverages. Chemicals Cigarettes, (incl. Medical Foodstuff **Foods**

Major Prefectural Companies

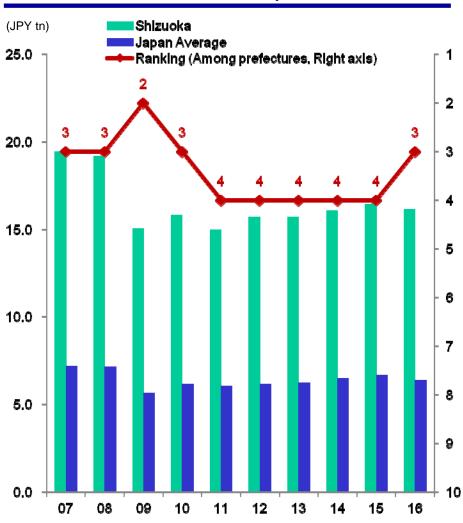






Equipment)

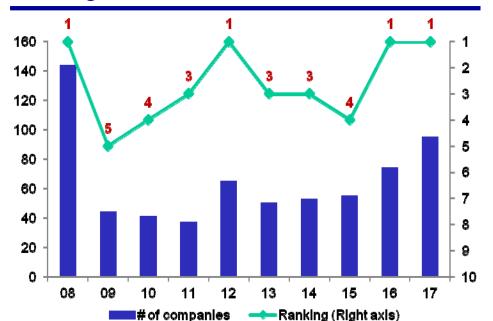
Revenue trend of manufactured products



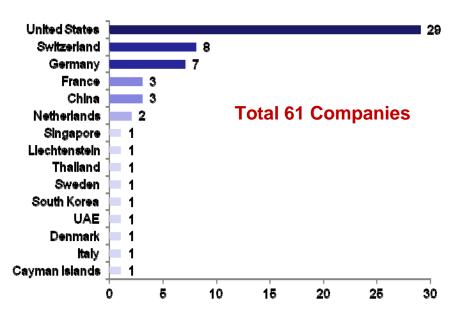
A Vibrant Industrial District



High level of industrial locations



Attracting global companies 2017



Global company examples

















Switzerland

Switzerland

USA

Liechtenstein

Sweden

France

Netherlands

UAE

Transportation Infrastructure



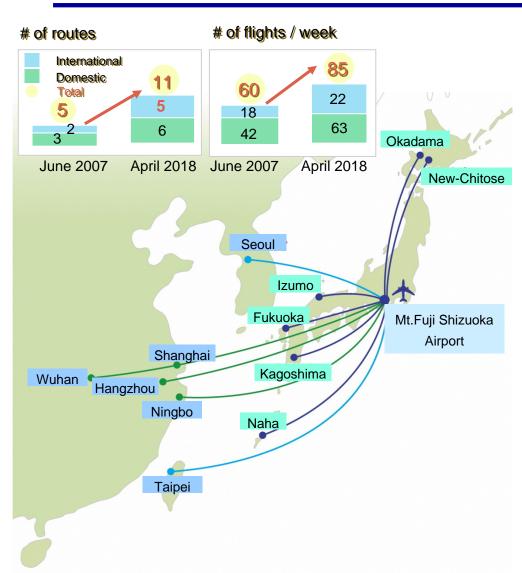


Improvement of Tourism Infrastructure



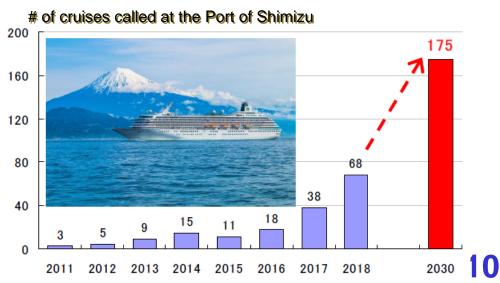
Mt.Fuji Shizuoka Airport

Port of Shimizu





Ripple Effect
JPY55bn/year
600,000people/year

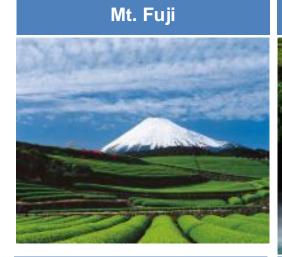


Abundant Tourism Resources



Major tourism locations in Shizuoka

Trend of # of international tourists



2019 Rugby Worldcup

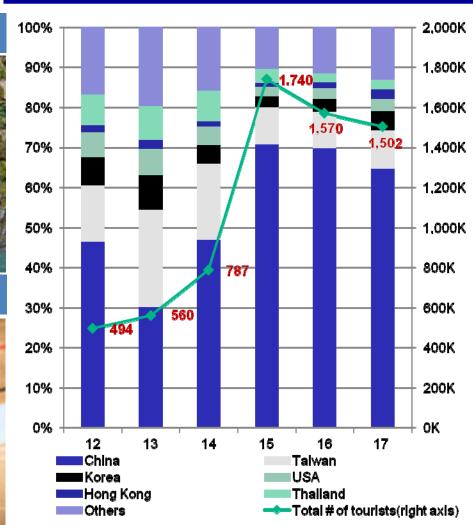


Izu Peninsula Geopark



2020 Tokyo Olympic





2 Fiscal Position of Shizuoka

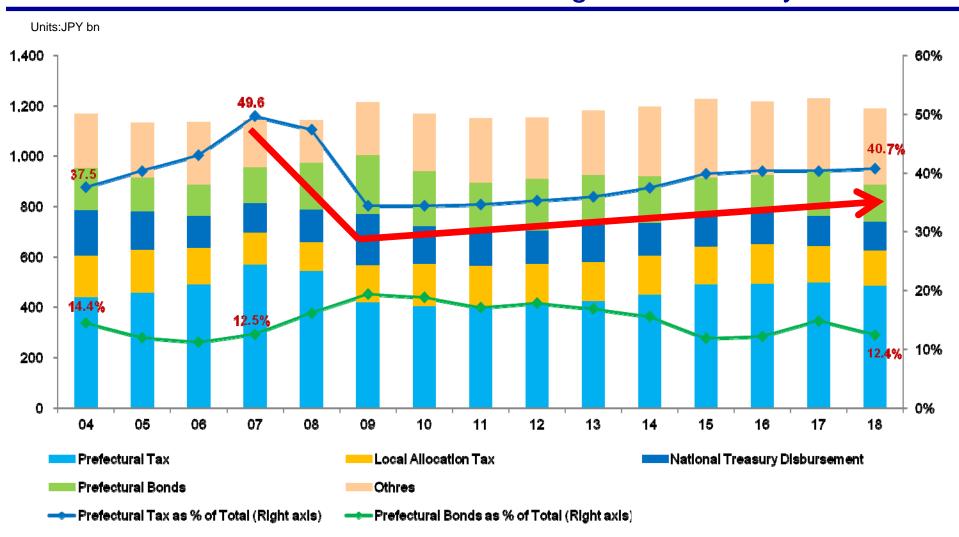


Mt. Fuji in autumn

Change in Revenue Accounts



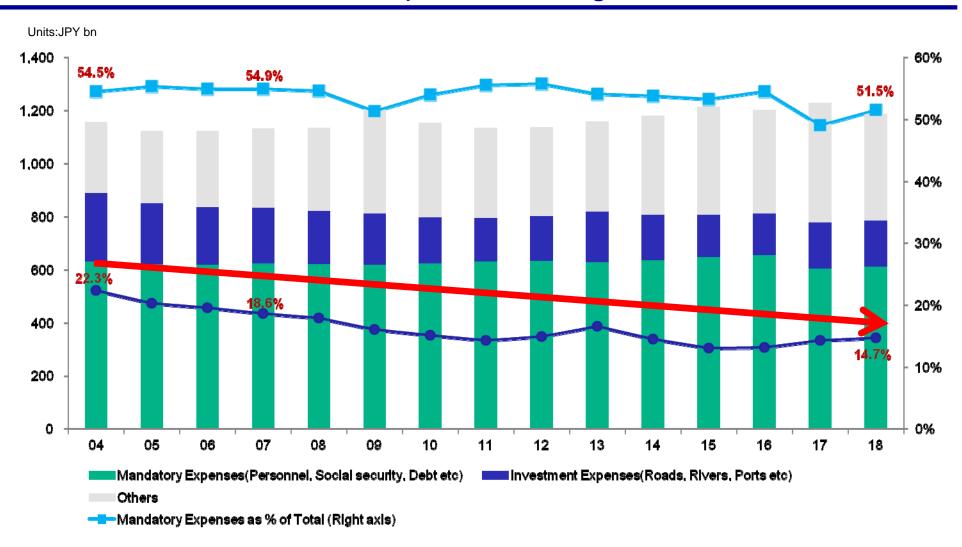
Tax revenue has been recovering in the recent years



Change in Expenditure Accounts



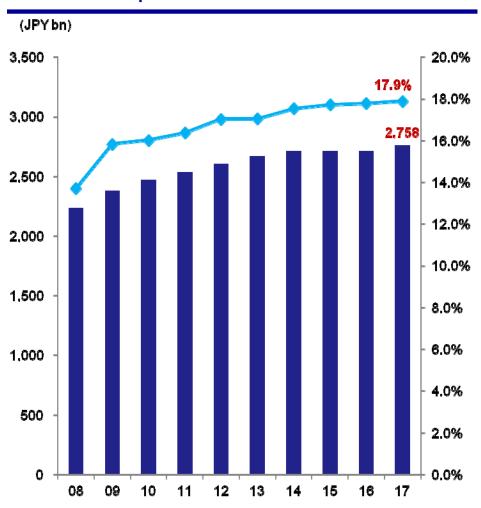
Reduction in investment expenses through administrative reform



Status of Debts and PB



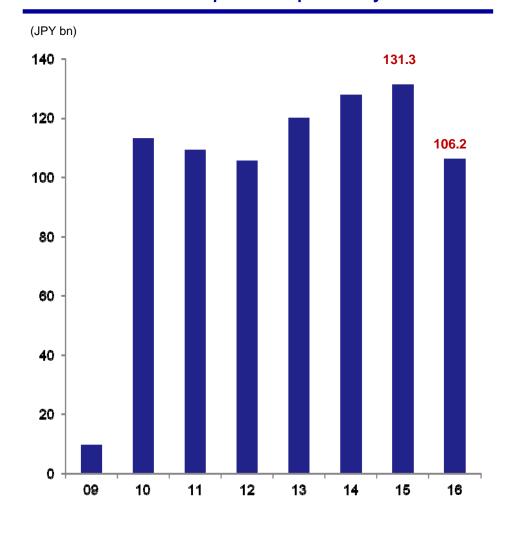
Sound prefectural bond balance



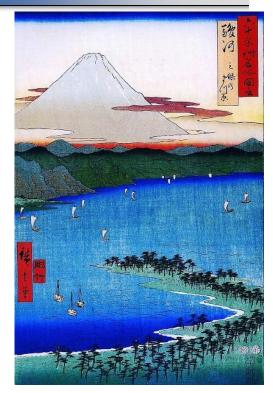
→ % of GDP (Right Axis)

Prefectural Bond

Continuous surplus in primary balance



3 Bond Management of Shizuoka



Fuji 36 HIROSHIGE UTAGAWA "Suruga Mihono-Matsubara"

Prefectural Bond Summary



Issuance Policy

- Format: Japanese domestic municipal bond
- Maturity: 5y, 10y, 15y, 20y and 30y
- BIS Risk Weight : 0%
- Strong Government Support

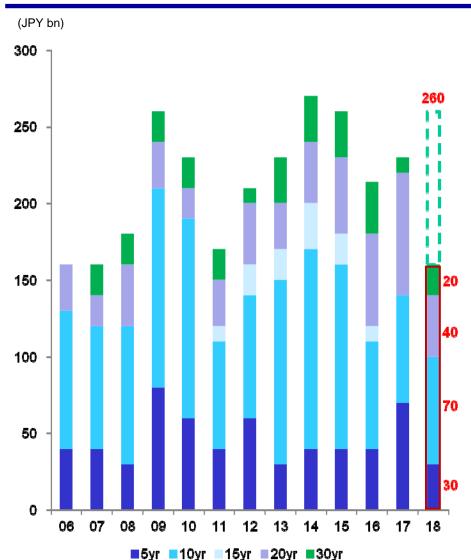
Shizuoka Issued Bond Ratings - Same as JGB ratings

	Shizuoka	Japan <u> </u>
Moody's	A1	A1
R&I	AA+	AA+

Prefectural Bonds Issuance Plan



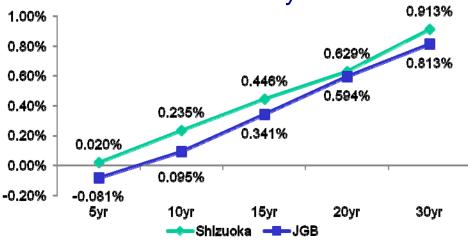
Issuance amount since 2006



Recent new issues in 2018

Launch	Issue Amount	Tenor	Yield
9/6/2018	JPY10bn	10yr	0.239
8/8/2018	JPY10bn	5yr	0.030
8/3/2018	JPY10bn	10yr	0.254
7/19/2018	JPY10bn	20yr	0.530
7/5/2018	JPY10bn	20yr(Sinkable)	0.355
7/4/2018	JPY10bn	10yr	0.175
6/6/2018	JPY10bn	10yr	0.195
5/9/2018	JPY10bn	5yr	0.030
5/9/2018	JPY10bn	10yr	0.195
4/20/2018	JPY20bn	20yr(Sinkable)	0.378
4/20/2018	JPY20bn	30yr	0.822
4/4/2018	JPY10bn	5yr	0.040
4/4/2018	JPY20bn	10yr	0.170

Shizuoka indicative yield curve*

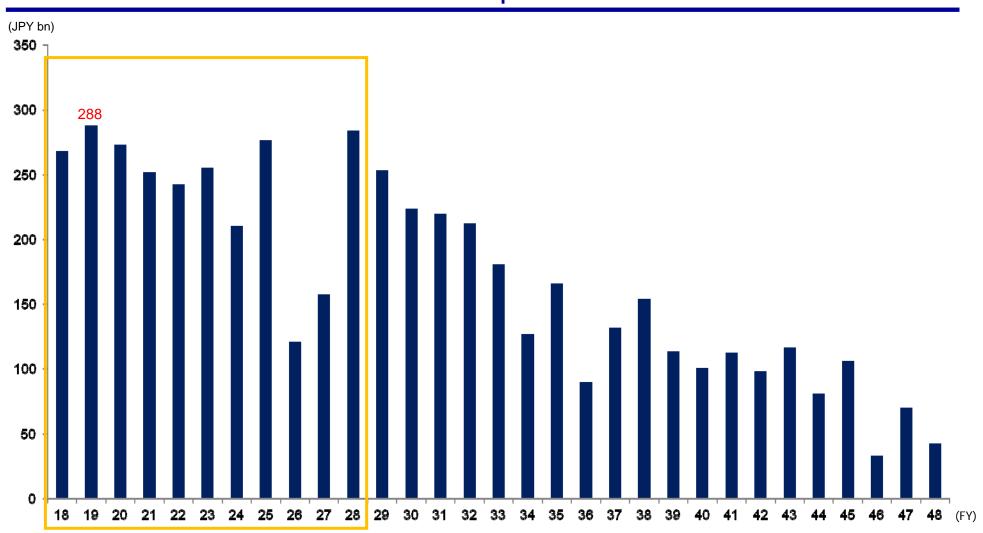


^{*} As of 13th Aug 2018

Redemption Schedule



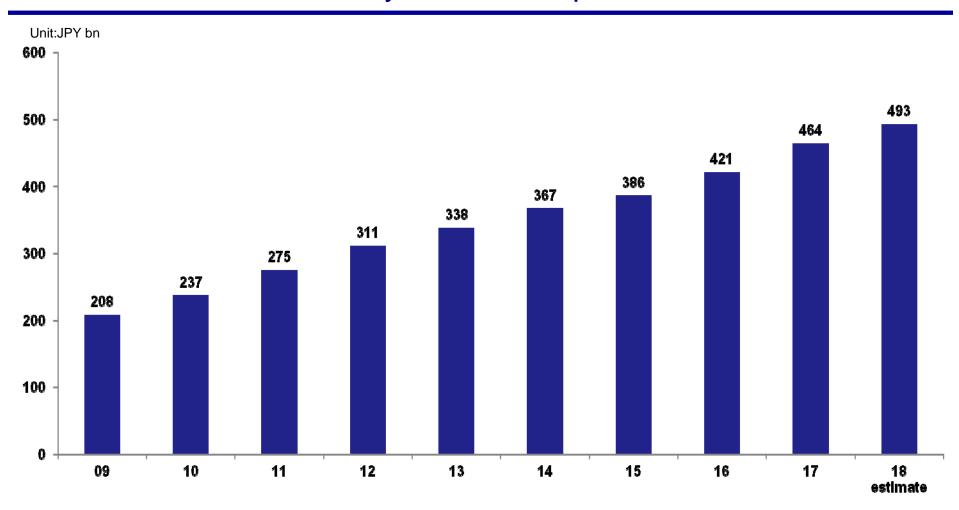
Shizuoka redemption schedule



Sinking Fund Reserves



Accumulation of 3.7% (1/27th) of total prefectural bond issuance after 3 year deferral period





Address: Finance Division, Management Department

9-6 Otemachi, Aoi-ku, Shizuoka-City, Shizuoka Prefecture 420-8601, JAPAN

TEL: +81-54-221-2035

Email: zaisei@pref.shizuoka.lg.jp

URL: http://www.pref.shizuoka.jp/a_foreign/english/index.html

Bloomberg:SHIZUP Govt <GO>



4 Reference Materials

- Japanese Local Government Bonds
- Fiscal Health Indicators
- General Accounts Change in Revenues
- General Accounts Change in Expenditures
- Change in Prefectural Bond Balance
- Change in Primary Balance
- Status of Sinking Fund Reserves
- Financial Statements (Fiscal 2013)



Sunrise from the top of Mt. Fuji 22

Japanese Local Government Bonds

Japanese local government bonds have a risk weight of zero as a result of powerful national fiscal backing, a tax system designed to prevent failure and other measures as described below.

- 1. Local Issue Tax System
- When determining budgets for each fiscal year, the national government sets forth an estimate of revenues and expenditures for all local governments, and guarantees revenue shortfalls.
- As part of this system, the national government provides backing for the redemption of the principal and interest of local government bonds, thereby strengthening the repayment capacity of local government bonds by local governments.
- 2. Bond issuance approval system as an early correction measure
- Local governments must discuss with the national government before issuing bonds, and receive confirmation that the new bond issuance is reasonable and will not negatively affect the local governments' future ability to repay principal and interest of local government bonds.

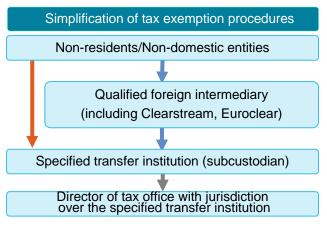
From January 1, 2008, tax exemption measures apply with respect to the interest on transfer local government bonds for non-residents and non-domestic entities which satisfy the prescribed conditions outlined below. Prior to this date, a 15% source deduction was deducted from interest earned on Japanese local government bonds by non-residents etc.

- Cases settled through the Japan Securities Depository Center, Inc.
- In cases of non-residents, non-residents who hold the bonds through a qualified foreign intermediary or qualified account management institution etc.
- Cases where appropriate tax exemption form is submitted

Effective June 2010, the following has been implemented to simplify the tax exemption procedures related to interest earned on transfer local government bonds by non-residents and expand those qualified for tax exemption status.

Furthermore, it is now possible to settle with Euroclear.

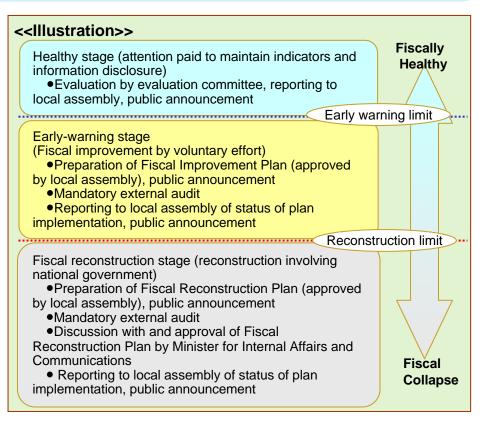
- Simplification of procedures by the elimination of separate individual bookkeeping under certain prescribed conditions, and a change from having to perform tax exemption procedures for each issuer (several) to just each transfer institution.
- Expansion of the range of qualified foreign securities investment trusts, and tax exemption status for redemption profit and loss



Fiscal Health Indicators

- With the implementation in April 2008 of the "Act on Assurance of Sound Financial Status of Local Governments," the fiscal status of local governments are objectively represented, and as a measure to evaluate the fiscal health or need for restructuring, the following four fiscal indicators have been set forth as Fiscal Health Evaluation Ratios, and accordingly, all local governments are required each fiscal year to have their Fiscal Health Evaluation Ratios as based on figures for the previous fiscal year, examined by an evaluation committee, and then report those results to the local assembly and local residents.
- If even one of the Fiscal Health Evaluation Ratios exceeds the early warning limit standard, in addition to an external audit, a Fiscal Improvement Plan must be prepared and improvement efforts will be encouraged; if the 3 indicators excluding the Future Burden Ratio worsens and any one of the indicators exceeds the reconstruction limit, additional national government involvement including the partial limitation on the issuance of bonds may be effected.

Real deficit ratio	Amount of general account based real deficit as a proportion of standard fiscal scale, serving as an indicator of the deficit level, and the extent of deterioration of fiscal management.
Consolidated real deficit ratio	Amount of all account (including public corporation accounts) based real deficit or amount of fund shortage as a proportion of standard fiscal scale, serving as an indicator of the deficit level and the extent of deterioration of fiscal management by combining the deficits and surpluses of all accounts.
Real debt payment ratio	Amount of redemption of principal and interest covered by general accounts as a proportion of fiscal scale, serving as an indicator of the amount payable for local government bonds and cash flow levels.
Future burden ratio	Real debt, including investment entities engaging in local public corporations and loss compensation, to be covered by general accounts as a proportion of fiscal scale, serving as an indicator of the current balance of local government bonds and bonds likely to be paid in the future by general accounts, and the extent of pressure on future finances.



General Accounts – Change in Revenue

(Units: JPY bn, %)

																			·
	Categories	'01	'02	'03	'04	'05	'06	'07	'08	'09	'10	'11	'12	'13	'14	'15	'16	'17	'18
Р	efectural Tax	468	418	425	438	457	488	567	541	418	402	398	406	423	448	488	490	496	483
	% of Total	33.9	34.1	35.9	37.5	40.3	43.0	49.6	47.3	34.4	34.4	34.6	35.2	35.9	37.4	39.8	40.3	40.3	40.7
Lo	cal Allocation Tax	207	205	192	165	169	144	128	116	148	168	164	165	156	156	151	159	145	141
	% of Total	15.0	16.7	16.2	14.1	14.9	12.7	11.2	10.1	12.2	14.4	14.3	14.3	13.2	13.0	12.3	13.1	11.8	11.8
D	National Treasury isbursements	231	206	190	181	154	127	118	130	202	149	137	131	146	129	127	126	119	115
	% of Total	16.8	16.8	16.0	15.5	13.6	11.2	10.3	11.4	16.6	12.8	11.9	11.4	12.3	10.8	10.3	10.4	9.7	9.7
	Prefectural Bonds	210	194	186	168	135	125	143	184	234	220	195	205	199	186	146	147	182	148
	% of Total	15.2	15.9	15.7	14.4	11.9	11.1	12.5	16.1	19.3	18.8	17.0	17.8	16.8	15.5	11.9	12.1	14.8	12.4
	Others	264	201	192	216	218	249	188	172	212	230	256	246	257	278	315	293	286	302
	% of Total	19.1	16.5	16.2	18.5	19.3	22.0	16.4	15.1	17.5	19.6	22.2	21.3	21.8	23.3	25.7	24.1	23.3	25.4
	Total	1,380	1,224	1,186	1,167	1,133	1,134	1,143	1,144	1,215	1,169	1,150	1,153	1,180	1,197	1,227	1,216	1,228	1,187

[•] Fiscal 2018 figures are initial budget estimates, actual figures provided up to Fiscal 2017

General Accounts – Change in Expenditures

(Units: JPY bn, %)

	Categories	'01	'02	'03	'04	'05	'06	'07	'08	'09	'10	'11	'12	'13	'14	'15	'16	'17	'18
Mai	ndatory Expenses	656	642	626	629	621	617	622	619	618	623	630	633	626	635	648	655	602	611
	% of Total	48.1	53.0	53.5	54.5	55.3	54.9	54.9	54.6	51.3	53.9	55.5	55.7	54.1	53.8	53.4	54.5	49.0	51.5
	Personnel Expenses	410	404	390	390	391	392	393	386	377	373	372	368	356	358	363	363	302	302
	% of Total	30.1	33.4	33.4	33.8	34.9	34.9	34.8	34.0	31.3	32.3	32.8	32.4	30.8	30.4	29.9	30.2	24.6	25.4
	Social Aid Expenses	59	61	54	57	56	63	66	69	72	77	81	85	89	93	100	105	110	114
	% of Total	4.3	5.0	4.6	4.9	5.0	5.6	5.8	6.1	6.0	6.7	7.1	7.5	7.7	7.9	8.3	8.7	9.0	9.6
	Bond Expenses	179	168	173	174	165	158	159	161	168	170	172	171	178	180	181	185	185	186
	% of Total	13.1	13.9	14.7	15.0	14.7	14.1	14.0	14.2	13.9	14.7	15.1	15.1	15.3	15.2	14.9	15.4	15.0	15.7
	Disaster Recovery Expenses	8	9	9	9	8	4	4	3	1	3	6	8	4	4	4	2	4	10
	% of Total	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.7	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.8
Inve	stment Expenses	369	315	277	258	228	219	211	203	192	173	163	169	191	171	157	157	176	174
	% of Total	27.1	26.0	23.7	22.3	20.3	19.5	18.6	17.9	16.0	14.9	14.1	14.9	16.3	14.5	12.9	13.1	14.3	14.7
	Public/Direct	191	175	150	137	120	111	101	90	89	92	90	94	102	88	82	84	97	92
	% of Total	14.0	14.5	12.8	11.9	10.7	9.9	8.9	7.9	7.4	8.0	8.0	8.3	8.9	7.5	6.7	7.0	7.9	7.8
	Standalone	178	140	128	120	108	107	110	113	103	81	73	75	89	83	75	73	79	82
	% of Total	13.1	11.5	10.9	10.4	9.6	9.6	9.7	10.0	8.6	6.8	6.2	6.6	7.5	7.0	6.2	6.1	6.4	6.9
	Others	338	254	266	268	273	287	300	312	394	358	342	335	340	374	409	390	451	402
	% of Total	24.8	21.0	22.8	23.2	24.4	25.6	26.5	27.5	32.7	31.3	30.4	29.4	29.5	31.7	33.7	32.4	36.7	33.8
	Total	1,363	1,211	1,169	1,155	1,121	1,122	1,132	1,134	1,204	1,154	1,135	1,136	1,157	1,180	1,214	1,202	1,228	1,187

^{*}Fiscal 2018 figures are initial budget estimates, actual figures provided up to Fiscal 2017
*Annual figures include carry over from previous year, and does not include carry over to next fiscal year.
*Real balance is accounting balance less assets to be carried over

Fiscal Position of Shizuoka – Current Conditions

All four indicators are performing better than the nationally established standards

4 Indicators*	Description	Fiscal 2017
Real deficit ratio	Amount of general account deficit as a proportion of fiscal scale	(Surplus)
Consolidated real deficit ratio	Amount of all account deficits as a proportion of fiscal scale	(Surplus)
Real debt payment ratio	Public debt expenses as a proportion of fiscal scale	13.4%
Future burden ratio	Prefectural bond balance as a proportion of fiscal scale	238.4%

National Standard							
Early warning limit	Reconstruction limit						
3.75%	5.0%						
8.75%	15.0%						
25.0%	35.0%						
400.0%	-						

^{*} With the exception of the Future burden ratio, if national standards are exceeded, national government authorization and additional national government involvement is required to issue bonds

Financial Statements (Fiscal 2016)

(Units: JPY bn)

Balance Sheet

Assets	Amount	Liabilities	Amount
1 Non-Current Assets	3,878.6	1 Non-Current Liabilities	3,586.2
(1) Property, plant and equipment	3,297.1	(1) Local government bonds	3,172.5
Business assets	1,014.3	(2) Retirement benefit reserves	329.6
Infrastructure assets	2,232.9	(3) Others	84.1
Goods	49.9		
(2) Intangible assets	31.1	2 Current Liabilities	178.3
(3) Investments and Other Assets	550.4	(1) Current portion of LGB	134.1
2 Current Assets	199.9	(2) Bonus provisions	22.9
(1) Cash	78.5	(3) Others	21.3
(2) Accured Income	20.3	TOTAL LIABILITIES	
(3) Funds	84.7		
(4) Others	16.4	NET ASSETS	Amount
		(1) Portion of non-current liabilities	3,972.8
		(2) Surplus(Deficit)	△ 3,659.9
		(3) Investments in capital by other organizations	1.1
		Total Net Assets	314.0
TOTAL ASSETS	4,078.5	Total Liabilities And Net Assets	4,078.5

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

	Amount
Net assets at end of last FY	388.4
Change of Net assets during this FY	△ 74.4
Difference of this FY	△ 50.6
Change of external account	A 00 0
(Non current assets, etc.)	△ 23.8
Net Assets at end of this FY	314.0

Statement of Cash Flow

	Amount
(1) Ordinary income and expenditure	44.0
(2) Capital income and expenditure	△ 78.6
(3) Financial income and expenditure	33.3
(1) Balance of cash during this FY	1.3
(2) Cash at end of last FY	74.5
(3) Cash at end of this FY	73.2
Cash outside of annual account at end of this FY	5.3
Total cash at end of this FY	78.5

Statement of Administrative Costs

• Statement of Administrative C	
	Amount
(1) Business Expenses	711.1
Personnel expenses	404.0
Building expenses	254.7
Others	52.4
(2) Moving Expenses	368.8
Subsidyl expenses	347.7
Social security benefit expenses	17.3
Others	3.8
Ordinary Expenses A	1,079.9
(1) Fee	66.5
(2) Others	67.6
Ordinary Income B	134.1
Net Ordinary Expenses C=A-B	945.8
(1) Loss on Sale of Assets	2.0
(2) Provision for Loss on Guarantees	△ 0.1
(3) Others	1.5
Extraordinary Loss D	3.4
(1) Gain on sale of assets	0.7
(2) Others	0.1
Extraordinary Income E	0.8
Net Expenses C+D-E	948.4